



Act 77 of 2019 provides that voters in Pennsylvania can cast their vote early by either mail-in or absentee ballot. The Act also modifies voter registration requirements. The following guidelines define both what is required by Act 77 and what is permissible under Act 77 or some other portion of the Election Code.

Voter Registration

- The voter registration deadline is now fifteen (15) days before the election. Therefore, voter registration applications must now be **received** by the county board of elections no later than fifteen (15) days before the election.
- Applicants may either return their application in person or it must be received by mail by the county board of elections by the deadline. Previously, counties accepted applications postmarked by the deadline, but that is <u>no longer</u> permitted.
 - Voter registration applications submitted online are timely if they are submitted before midnight on the 15th day prior to a primary or election.
- If an applicant's voter registration application is rejected, the applicant may appeal that decision to the county board of elections by the 8th day prior to Election Day.

Mail-in and Absentee Balloting – General Provisions

- Qualified voters may apply at any time before any primary or election for a mail-in or absentee ballot (up to the deadline described below), and county boards of elections must begin processing applications at least fifty (50) days before the primary or election. County boards of elections may process applications earlier than fifty (50) days before the primary or election, if the county board of elections determines that it is better for its operational needs to do so.
- The deadline for applying for absentee ballots <u>has not changed</u>, and the new mail-in ballots follows the same application deadline. Applications must be received by the county board of elections by 5:00 P.M. on the Tuesday prior to the primary or election. However, the deadline for counties to <u>receive</u> voted mail-in or absentee ballots has been extended to 8:00 P.M. on Election Day.
- Permanent voter lists:
 - For the permanent <u>absentee ballot</u> list, only voters with a permanent illness or disability are eligible; this section does <u>not</u> apply to voters expecting to be absent from the municipality.
 - Absentee voters who request to be placed on the permanent absentee list no longer have to renew their physician's certification of continued disability every four (4) years or list it on each application.



- For the permanent mail-in ballot list, any mail-in voter can request to be placed on 0 the permanent mail-in voter list.
- Each year the county must send an application to any voter on the permanent 0 absentee and mail-in voter lists by the first (1st) Monday in February.
- The yearly application serves as a standing request for any election that calendar year **and** for any special election until the third (3rd) Monday in February the next year.
- Important Changes relating to Returning the Ballot:

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- A voter who has returned a mail-in or absentee ballot may not vote at the polling place on Election Day.
- If a voter requests but does not return their mail-in or absentee ballot, they may still deliver the ballot in person to a county elections office (CEO) until 8:00 P.M. on Election Day.
- If a voter cannot return the ballot in person, the voter can vote in person at the voter's polling place on Election Day, but they may only do so by provisional ballot.
- o If a voter whose record in the district poll book indicates that the voter is not eligible to cast a ballot in person on Election Day asserts that they did not cast a mail-in or absentee ballot and is eligible to vote, the voter should be provided a provisional bsite for cy ballot.

Mail-in and Absentee Applications

There are three (3) ways by which voters can apply for mail-in or absentee ballots:

- 1. In Person
- 2. Online
- 3. By Mail

Requirements for in-person applications:

- int information Voters are permitted to apply in person at a CEO for a mail-in or absentee ballot. •
- ٠ Voters who apply at a CEO during business hours may request to receive a mail-in or absentee ballot in person while the voter is in the office. Note: Please see "Optional county services" below for more information.

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- Once the ballot has been finalized and printed, the county board of elections **must promptly present** the voter with the voter's mail-in or absentee ballot.
- A county board of elections **cannot decline** the voter's application for a mail-in or absentee ballot, unless there is a bona fide objection to the mail-in or absentee ballot application.
- Voters who request a mail-in or absentee ballot in person must be provided an opportunity to privately and secretly mark their ballot. *Note:* The marking of the ballot in secret does not have to take place in the election offices. It can be provided in a nearby location.

Voters are permitted to deliver a mail-in or absentee ballot in-person at a CEO up to 8:00 P.M. on Election Day.

Optional County Services:

- As allowed under existing law, county election boards may provide for mail-in and absentee application processing and balloting at more than one CEO located within county borders.
- Additional business hours for CEOs may be established; hours do not have to be limited to weekdays nor to typical business hours. Counties are encouraged to offer business hours outside of these time frames, including weeknights or weekend hours to enable maximum flexibility and convenience to voters.
- If a county decides to provide additional mail-in and absentee balloting by establishing additional CEOs, the county must account for **all** of the following:
 - Each CEO must be staffed by appointed elections personnel in municipal or countyowned or leased properties selected by the county board of elections for processing applications and in-person voting of both mail-in and absentee ballots.
 - Each CEO must have a secure county network connection that is capable of connecting to the Statewide Uniform Registry of Electors (SURE), and staff trained and approved to access SURE. *NOTE: The Department will work with counties to establish secure connections; the county network extension must be approved by the Department.*
 - Each CEO must either have copies of all ballot styles available to be voted in the county, or an on-demand ballot printer capable of printing all ballot styles available to be voted in the county.
 - Each CEO must have a secure ballot collection receptacle to store voted mail-in or absentee ballots submitted at the location.
- When choosing a location for the CEO, counties should consider, at a minimum, the following:
 - Choose locations that serve heavily populated urban/suburban areas, as well as rural areas.

- For example, counties may want to select accessible locations near heavy traffic areas such as commercial corridors, large residential areas, major employers and public transportation routes.
- In rural areas, locations should be selected that are easily recognizable and accessible within the community.
- Counties may want to select locations in areas in which there have historically been delays at existing polling locations, and areas with historically low turnout.

Requirements for online or mail applications:

- After the ballot has been finalized and printed, the county board of elections **must promptly** deliver or mail the voter's mail-in or absentee ballot, and in any event must deliver ballots by the second (2^{nd}) Tuesday before the election.
- After the county board of elections begins delivering and mailing mail-in and absentee ballots, the county must deliver or mail subsequent ballots requested within forty-eight (48) hours of receipt provided they are approved.
- Whether submitted in person or by mail, all mail-in and absentee ballots must be received • by the CEO by 8:00 P.M. on Election Day.

Mail-in and Absentee Ballots

Delivery of Mail-in and Absentee Ballots

As noted previously, counties **must** begin processing applications for mail-in and absentee ٠ ballots at least fifty (50) days before the primary or election or at an earlier time as the county board of elections determines **may** be appropriate?

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- Counties must begin delivering mail-in or absentee ballots as soon they are certified and available.
- Counties **may** await the outcome of pending litigation that affects the contents of the • ballots, but in any event the county **must** begin delivering mail-in or absentee ballots no later than the 2nd Tuesday prior to Election Day. mario

Collection of Mail-in and Absentee Ballots

- In addition to CEOs, counties may provide for other secure ballot collection locations that • the county deems appropriate to accommodate in-person return of voted mail-in and absentee ballots.
- If a county decides to provide for other ballot collection locations, the county should consider the following best practices:

- The county board of elections should pass a resolution to determine the 0 number and locations of ballot collection locations within the county, and provide public notification of the locations.
- Ensure and document to the Department the security and chain of custody of 0 mail-in and absentee ballots retrieved from ballot collection locations. NOTE: Please contact the Department for guidance on how to document security and APCHINED chain of custody.
 - Utilize a secure ballot collection receptacle that is designed for this specific 0 purpose. *NOTE*: Please contact the Department for guidance on factors, best practices, and examples for these receptacles.
 - Officially designate county election personnel who are sworn and authorized to remove mail-in and absentee ballots from ballot collection receptacles.
 - Process mail-in and absentee ballots collected from ballot collection locations in the same manner as ballots personally delivered or mailed to the county board of elections.
 - Hours of access to and collection from the ballot collection locations do not 0 have to be limited to weekdays nor to typical business hours.
 - Public notification should be provided as to the location of collection locations, 0 and clear signage should designate the locations and explain their proper use.



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1.0	1.10.2020	Initial document	Bureau of Election
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